# Physician Supply and Demand Indicators in Georgia

# A Survey of Georgia's GME Graduates Completing Training in June 2013

# GEORGIA BOARD FOR PHYSICIAN WORKFORCE JANUARY 2014

2 PEACHTREE STREET, NW, 36<sup>TH</sup> FLOOR, ATLANTA, GA 30303 PHONE (404) 232-7972 / FAX (404) 656-2596

Cherri Tucker, Executive Director, Cheryl Culp, and G.E. Alan Dever, M.D., Ph.D., contributors. www.gbpw.georgia.gov

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### **Executive Summary: Methodology, and Key Findings**

The Georgia Board for Physician Workforce (GBPW) has conducted an annual survey of graduating physician residents over the past twelve years. The purpose of this survey is to inform the medical education community and state physician workforce planners about the experiences of graduates and the supply and demand for new physicians in Georgia. The survey offers insight into residents' demographic characteristics; compensation levels; retention rates; practice plans; assessment of job market; and training information.

<u>Methodology</u>: In 2013, there were 645 Georgia graduate medical education (GME) graduates. Five hundred and thirty-nine responded to the survey, for a response rate of 83.6%. Calculations are reflective of the number of respondents who answered each question. All Georgia GME programs participate in the survey. They are:

Atlanta Medical Center

**Emory University School of Medicine** 

Floyd Medical Center

Medical Center of Central Georgia

Medical College of Georgia at Georgia Regents University

Memorial Health University Medical Center

Morehouse School of Medicine

Phoebe Putney Memorial Hospital

The Mayo Clinic (formerly Satilla Regional Medical Center)

The Medical Center

### **Key findings from the 2013 survey:**

### Geography:

- 49.8% are remaining in Georgia to practice, and 18.5% are going to a contiguous state (AL, FL, NC, SC, or TN); nationally 47.4% percent of residents practice in the state where they completed their GME Source: AMA 2013 State Physician Workforce Data Book, November 2013
- 73.7% are remaining in the Southeast to practice
- 89.6% are native born, naturalized residents or permanent residents
- Most respondents did not graduate high school in Georgia (78.3%)
- Of those that graduated high school in Georgia, 13.8% graduated from an international medical school

#### Geography (cont.):

- Of the graduates that completed high school outside the United States, 42.4% plan to stay in Georgia to practice
- 10.4% of respondents indicated they plan to practice in a Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), yet only 6.9% have an obligation or Visa requirement to do so

#### **Demographics:**

- 53.2% of the respondents were male, compared to 50.2% in 2012
- The average age of graduates was 33 years old, which is consistent with previous years

#### **Medical School:**

- 96.1% of graduates attended an allopathic school
- Nationally, 78.8% of U.S. medical students were enrolled in an allopathic medical school, and 21.2% were enrolled in an osteopathic medical school *Source: AMA 2013 State Physician Workforce Data Book, November 2013*
- 35.5% of all responding Georgia's GME graduates going into practice in 2013 are going into primary care
- 22.0% of graduates attended medical school in Georgia
- 31.3% of graduates attended medical school in another country (highest number being from India)

#### **Debt and Salary**:

- 32.8% of graduates had debt over \$200,000
  - ♦ In 2008, 13.4% of residents had educational debt of over \$200,000
- Salaries of specialists were higher:
  - ♦ The average starting salary of graduates going into practice as a specialist was \$239,215
  - ♦ The average starting salary of graduates going into primary care was \$177,544
- Of the graduates with confirmed practice plans, on a scale of 1 to 10, with 10 being completely satisfied, respondents averaged 7.9 for satisfaction with their compensation
- The percentage of graduates being compensated as fee for service has decreased from 12.0% in 2006 to 6.8% in 2013

#### **Retention:**

- 49.8% of graduates with confirmed practice plans are staying in Georgia
- 80.9% of graduates that graduated high school in Georgia and graduated from a Georgia GME program plan to stay in Georgia to practice
- Graduates that went to high school, medical school and GME in Georgia had an 82.6% retention rate
- Of those graduates that are going on for additional training/fellowship, 21.8% plan to return to Georgia to practice and 48.5% are uncertain
- The top reasons for graduates leaving Georgia are "Proximity to Family;" "Better jobs in desired location outside Georgia;" and "Better Salary offered outside of Georgia"

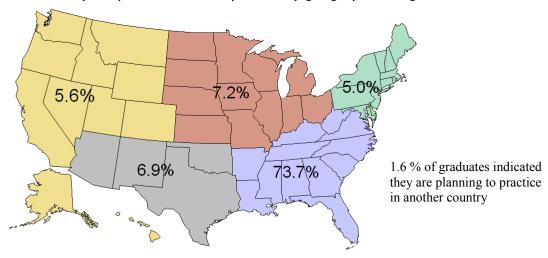
#### **Assessment of Practice Opportunities:**

- GME graduates were asked to provide an overall assessment of the number of practice opportunities in their specialty within 50 miles of their training site. Using a scale of 1 to 10, where 1 means very few jobs and 10 means many jobs, the average rating was 6.0
- GME graduates were also asked to provide an overall assessment of practice opportunities in their specialty nationally. Using the same scale where 1 indicates very few jobs and 10 indicates many jobs, the average for respondents was 7.8

#### **Satisfaction with Training**

- GME graduates were asked if they were satisfied overall with the training they received. Using a scale of 1 to 10, where 1 indicates strongly disagree (or very dissatisfied) and 10 equals strongly agree (or very satisfied), the average rating among 2013 respondents was 8.7
- Respondents for 2013 were asked if they would choose to train at the same site again using a rating scale of 1 to 10 (where 1 indicates strongly disagree and 10 indicates strongly agree). The average rating among respondents was 8.5

Where responding graduates from Georgia's residency programs indicate they will practice. Overall percent by geographical region



Where responding graduates from Georgia's residency programs indicate they plan to practice. Percent by Georgia, border states, and states with more than 1.5%

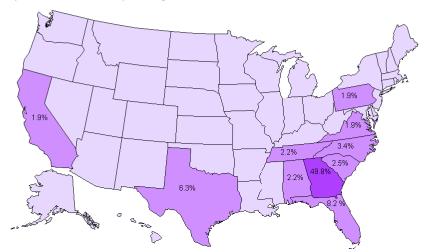


Table 1: Distribution of graduates by gender:

Gender	Number	Percent
Male	286	53.2
Female	252	46.8
TOTAL	538	100.0

Table 2: Distribution of graduates by citizenship status:

Citizenship Status	Number	Percent*
Native Born U.S.	354	65.7
Naturalized U.S.	81	15.0
Permanent Resident	48	8.9
J-1, J-2 Exchange Visitor	38	7.1
H-1, H-2, H-3, Temporary Worker	17	3.2
Other	1	0.2
TOTAL	539	100.0

<sup>\*</sup>Total may not add up to 100.0% due to rounding

**Table 3: Distribution of graduates by race:** 

Race	Number	Percent
White	278	51.8
Asian or Pacific Islander	121	22.5
Black/African American	70	13.0
Other	47	8.8
Multi-Race	15	2.8
Native American/Alaskan Native	6	1.1
TOTAL	537	100.0

**Table 4: Distribution of graduates by ethnicity:** 

Ethnicity	Number	Percent
Yes (Hispanic)	31	5.8
No (Non-Hispanic)	499	94.2
TOTAL	530	100.0

Table 5: Where was your residence upon graduation from high school?

Residence upon Graduation from High School	Number	Percent*
Georgia	116	21.7
Other U.S. State	299	56.0
Florida	54	10.1
Texas	22	4.1
California	17	3.2
Maryland	16	3.0
Michigan	15	2.8
South Carolina	15	2.8
All Other States	160	30.0
Canada	5	0.9
Other Country	114	21.3
TOTAL	534	100.0

<sup>\*</sup>Total may not add up to 100.0% due to rounding

- 13.8% of the respondents that graduated from high school in Georgia went overseas to medical school and came back to Georgia for their residency
- Of the graduates that graduated from a Georgia high school 16.4% came from a Non-MSA (rural) county
- Of the graduates who graduated high school from another U.S. state, 25.1% went to medical school in a contiguous state to Georgia (includes NC, SC, TN, AL, and FL)

Table 6: Medical school graduates by geographic location and medical school

Medical School Location	Number	Percent*
Georgia	117	22.0
Emory University School of Medicine	35	6.6
Medical College of Georgia	43	8.1
Mercer University School of Medicine	14	2.6
Morehouse School of Medicine	15	2.8
PCOM	10	1.9
Other U.S. State	250	46.8
Florida	29	5.4
Tennessee	19	3.6
Texas	18	3.4
Missouri	15	2.8
South Carolina	15	2.8
All Other States	154	28.8
Other Country	167	31.3
TOTAL	534	100.0

<sup>\*</sup>Total may not add up to 100.0% due to rounding

- 15.4% of the respondents graduated medical school in a state contiguous to Georgia (includes FL, NC, SC, AL and TN)
- 13.8% of Georgia high school graduates in this study attended medical school overseas
- Of those graduates that graduated from a medical school in another country (167), most went to medical school in India (41), Dominica (15), Pakistan (12), and Netherland Antilles (7). Of the respondents that graduated from an overseas medical school, 31.1% attended a Caribbean medical school

Table 7: Distribution of medical education debt by number and percent

Amount of Debt	Number	Percent*
None	148	30.7
Less than \$25,000	15	3.1
\$25,000-\$49,999	15	3.1
\$50,000-\$74,999	14	2.9
\$75,000-\$99,999	15	3.1
\$100,000-\$124,999	31	6.4
\$125,000-\$149,999	19	3.9
\$150,000-\$174,999	41	8.5
\$175,000-\$199,999	26	5.4
Over \$200,000	158	32.8
TOTAL	482	100.0

<sup>\*</sup>Total may not add up to 100.0% due to rounding

- Average debt of Georgia GME graduate respondents = \$125,109.85 in 2013
- Nationally, the average medical student debt at time of graduation was \$169,901 in 2013 "Medical Student Education: Debt, Costs, and Loan Repayment Fact Card," www.aamc.org
- 13.4% of the respondents had education debt over \$200,000 in 2008. 32.8% of the respondents had education debt over \$200,000 in 2013

Table 8: Type of primary activity after completion of training

Primary Activity	Number	Percent
Patient Care/Clinical Practice	322	59.7
Additional Sub-Specialty Training	167	31.0
Chief Resident	15	2.8
Other	15	2.8
Teaching/Research	12	2.2
Undecided	7	1.3
Temporarily Out of Medicine	1	0.2
TOTAL	539	100.0

Table 9: If you are planning to enter patient care/clinical practice, have you actively searched for a job?

Have actively job searched	Number	Percent
Yes	285	88.8
No	36	11.2
TOTAL	321	100.0

Table 10: If you are planning to enter patient care/clinical practice, have you been offered a job?

Offered a Job	Number	Percent
Yes, Accepted Offer	296	92.8
Yes, but Declined Offer and Still Searching	12	3.8
No Offers Received	11	3.4
TOTAL	319	100.0

<sup>•</sup> The average number of offers received = 5

Table 11: If you are going to enter patient care/clinical practice, what types of approaches were used in your job search?

Job Search Approaches	Number
Independent Online Search Activities	178
Third Party Representation	107
Announcements/Career Fairs	106
Want Ads	53
Other	75
TOTAL	519

- Respondents could choose multiple approaches. Most respondents used two or more approaches when searching for a job.
- Nationally, 78% of new physicians received at least 50 job solicitations during training. (Merritt Hawkins, 2011 Survey of Final-Year Medical Residents)

Table 12: If you are going to enter patient care/clinical practice, did you have difficulty finding a practice position you were satisfied with?

Difficulty Finding Job	Number	Percent
Yes	47	15.0
No	266	85.0
TOTAL	313	100.0

Table 13: Graduates going into patient care by practice location

Location of Primary Activity	Number	Percent
Georgia	159	49.8
Other State	155	48.6
Florida	26	8.2
Texas	20	6.3
North Carolina	11	3.4
South Carolina	8	2.5
Alabama	7	2.2
Tennessee	7	2.2
Other States	76	23.8
Other Country	5	1.6
TOTAL	319	100.0

Table 14: Graduates going for additional training with plans to return to Georgia by program:

	Plans to Return to Georgia						
Georgia GME Program		Yes		No		Don't Know	
	#	%	#	%	#	%	
Atlanta Medical Center	3	42.9	1	14.3	3	42.9	
Emory University School of Medicine	15	19.5	15	19.5	47	61.0	
Floyd Medical Center	0	-	0	-	0	-	
Medical Center of Central Georgia	2	28.6	0	-	5	71.4	
Medical College of Georgia at Georgia Regents University	10	38.5	2	7.7	14	53.8	
Memorial Health University Medical Center	2	33.3	1	16.7	3	50.0	
Morehouse School of Medicine	2	20.0	1	10.0	7	70.0	
Phoebe Putney Memorial Hospital	0	-	0	-	0	-	
The Mayo Clinic (formerly Satilla Regional Medical Center)	0	-	0	-	0	-	
The Medical Center	2	50.0	1	25.0	1	25.0	

Table 15: Practice location of graduates entering patient care/clinical practice by where respondents attended high school

Dungting Logation of	Where was your residence upon graduation from high school?								
Practice Location of Graduates Entering Patient Care/	Georgia Other Sta		('anada		Other Country		Total		
Clinical Practice	#	%	#	%	#	%	#	%	
Georgia	55	80.9	75	40.8	1	20.0	27	44.3	158
Other State	13	19.1	109	59.2	2	40.0	31	50.8	155
Outside of U.S.	0	0.0	0	0.0	2	40.0	3	4.9	5
TOTAL	68	100.0	184	100.0	5	100.0	61	100.0	319

- Of the respondents that graduated high school in Georgia and graduated from a Georgia GME program, 80.9% will stay in Georgia to practice.
- Of the respondents that graduated high school in another state, 40.8% will stay in Georgia to practice.

Table 16: Of those entering patient care and leaving the state: Top reasons cited for leaving Georgia

Reason	Number
Proximity to family	94
Better jobs in desired location outside Georgia	56
Better salary offered outside Georgia	46
Better job for spouse/partner outside Georgia	36
Better jobs in desired practice setting outside Georgia	35
Never intended to practice in Georgia	26
Overall lack of jobs/practice opportunities in Georgia	24
Other service obligation	11
Better jobs outside of Georgia that meet visa requirements	10
Cost of malpractice insurance in Georgia	2
Cost of starting a practice	2
Other	14
TOTAL	356

<sup>•</sup> Respondents that had plans to practice outside of Georgia were able to select their top three reasons for leaving, and for the past several years, proximity to family has been the top reason Georgia's residents moved out of state to practice

Table 17: Type of patient care practice setting by graduates entering patient care/clinical practice

Practice Setting	Number	Percent*
Group Practice as Employee	131	41.7
Hospital – In-Patient	65	20.7
Hospital – Emergency Room	27	8.6
Hospital – Ambulatory Care	23	7.3
Partnership (2 person)	17	5.4
Group Practice as Owner/Partner	15	4.8
Other	12	3.8
Freestanding Health Center/Clinic	7	2.2
Solo Practice	7	2.2
HMO	5	1.6
Military	5	1.6
TOTAL	314	100.0

<sup>\*</sup>Total may not add up to 100.0% due to rounding

- 36.6% of graduates are entering a hospital-based practice setting
- Merritt Hawkins reports 32% of residents indicated they would prefer to be employed by a hospital than any other option and 1% of residents said they prefer a solo setting as their first practice (2011 Survey of Final Year Medical Residents)

Table 18: If you are entering patient care/clinical practice, do you expect to be at your principal practice for 4 or more years?

Expect to be at Principal Practice for 4 or more years	Number	Percent
Yes	250	81.7
No	56	18.3
TOTAL	306	100.0

Table 19: Graduates entering patient care/clinical practice that expect to be at principal practice for 4 or more years by Georgia GME Program:

Georgia GME Program	Number	Percent
Atlanta Medical Center	7	70.0
Emory University School of Medicine	136	86.1
Floyd Medical Center	2	100.0
Medical Center of Central Georgia	19	86.4
Medical College of Georgia at Georgia	43	72.9
Regents University		
Memorial Health University Medical Center	17	85.0
Morehouse School of Medicine	19	73.0
Phoebe Putney Memorial Hospital	1	100.0
The Mayo Clinic (formerly Satilla Medical Center)	1	50.0
The Medical Center	5	83.3

Table 20: Which best describes the area in which you will be practicing?

Description of Area	Number	Percent
Other Area within a Major City	85	27.2
Suburban	82	26.1
Inner City	66	21.1
Small City (city pop < 50,000)	53	16.9
Rural (county pop < 35,000)	27	8.6
TOTAL	313	100.0

- The percentage increased for graduates going into rural areas from 7.3% in 2012 to 8.6% in 2013.
- Merritt Hawkins reports the majority of residents (94%) would prefer to practice in communities of 50,000 or more. Further, 9% of residents said they wanted to practice in communities of <50,000 (2011 Survey of Final Year Medical Residents)

### Average salary of graduates going into practice:

